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TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

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NEWS	1			Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS	2	NOV	21	CAS patent coverage to include exemplified prophetic substances identified in English-, French-, German-, and Japanese-language basic patents from 2004-present
NEWS	3	NOV	26	MARPAT enhanced with FSORT command
NEWS	4	NOV	26	CHEMSAFE now available on STN Easy
NEWS	5	NOV	26	Two new SET commands increase convenience of STN searching
NEWS	6	DEC	01	ChemPort single article sales feature unavailable
NEWS	7	DEC	12	GBFULL now offers single source for full-text coverage of complete UK patent families
NEWS	8	DEC	17	Fifty-one pharmaceutical ingredients added to PS
NEWS	9	JAN	06	The retention policy for unread STNmail messages will change in 2009 for STN-Columbus and STN-Tokyo
NEWS	10	JAN	07	WPIDS, WPINDEX, and WPIX enhanced Japanese Patent Classification Data

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 27 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3,
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 23 JUNE 2008.

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NEWS IPC8	For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:25:56 ON 26 JAN 2009

=> file reg		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.22	0.22

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:26:08 ON 26 JAN 2009
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 25 JAN 2009 HIGHEST RN 1095751-06-6

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 25 JAN 2009 HIGHEST RN 1095751-06-6

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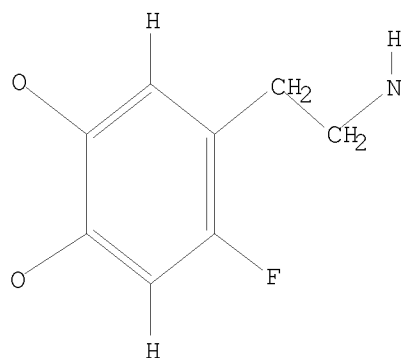
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10559879-cl-13.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



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=> s l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 15:26:25 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 39 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 39 ITERATIONS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 406 TO 1154

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:26:30 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 669 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 669 ITERATIONS

30 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 30 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
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FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:26:35 ON 26 JAN 2009
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 26 Jan 2009 VOL 150 ISS 5
FILE LAST UPDATED: 25 Jan 2009 (20090125/ED)

Caplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

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<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13

L4 76 L3

=> s 14 and iodonium

4317 IODONIUM

L5 1 L4 AND IODONIUM

=> d 15 ibib abs hitstr 1-

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 1 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:588844 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:115340

TITLE: Process for fluorination and radiofluorination of
iodonium salts in the presence of a radical
trap

INVENTOR(S): Wadsworth, Harry John; Widdowson, David Arthur;
Wilson, Emmanuelle; Carroll, Michael Andrew

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): GE Healthcare Limited, UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

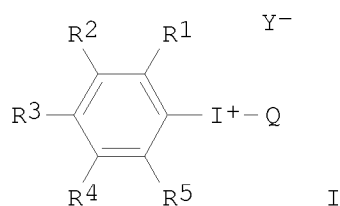
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 2005061415	A1	20050707	WO 2004-GB5304	20041217
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1697279	A1	20060906	EP 2004-806112	20041217
EP 1697279	B1	20080924		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS				
CN 1898184	A	20070117	CN 2004-80038469	20041217
CN 100415696	C	20080903		
JP 2007515465	T	20070614	JP 2006-546303	20041217
AT 409173	T	20081015	AT 2004-806112	20041217
US 20060292060	A1	20061228	US 2006-559879	20060830
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 2003-29716	A 20031223
			WO 2004-GB5304	W 20041217
OTHER SOURCE(S):		CASREACT 143:115340; MARPAT 143:115340		
GI				



AB Decomposition of iodonium salts I [Q = precursor of fluorine-labeled compound; Y = anion selected from triflate, nonaflate, mesylate, hexaflate; R1-R2, R4-R5 = independently H, NO₂, CN, halo, (un)protected C1-10 hydroxyalkyl, C2-10 carboxyalkyl, C1-10 alkyl, C2-10 alkoxyalkyl, C1-10 aminoalkyl, C1-10 haloalkyl, C6-14 aryl, c3-12 heteroaryl, C3-20 alkylaryl, C5-12 arylene, C2-10 alkenyl, C2-10 alkynyl, C1-10 acyl, C7-10 aroyl, C2-10 carboalkoxy, C2-10 carbamoyl, C2-10 carbamyl, C1-10 alkylsulfinyl; or R1-R5 may form 4-6-membered ring; R3 = any group R1-R2, R4-R5 or link to a solid support] by a free radical process has been identified as a significant factor in the observed yield variability of fluoridation reactions using said iodonium salts. Accordingly, the inclusion of a free radical trap, such as 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxide, 1,2-diphenylethylene, ascorbate, p-aminobenzoic acid, α -tocopherol, hydroquinone, di-t-butylphenol, β -carotene, or gentisic acid in the reaction mixture blocks the radical chain decomposition pathway for iodonium salts such that only the reaction leading to fluoridation can occur and the yield of aryl fluoride becomes high and reproducible. In both the solution and the solid phase the preferred method of the present invention is radiofluoridation. Thus, radiofluorination of diphenyliodonium triflate with ¹⁸F-fluoride in the presence of Kryptofix 222 in dry acetonitrile and 70 mol % 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxide gave radiolabeled fluorobenzene in

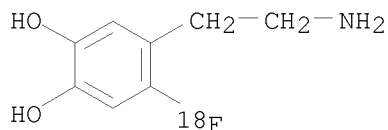
41-57% yield and 82-96% radiochem. purity. The same reaction without the radical trap gave labeled fluorobenzene in 0-40% yields and 0-65% radiochem. purity.

IT 107610-25-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(process for fluorination and radiofluorination of iodonium salts in presence of radical traps)

RN 107610-25-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(2-aminoethyl)-5-(fluoro-18F)- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s 14 and substitution
287906 SUBSTITUTION
L6 10 L4 AND SUBSTITUTION

=> s 16 not 15
L7 10 L6 NOT L5

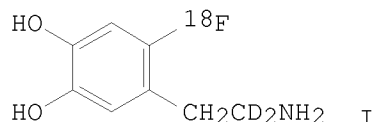
=> s 16 and aromatic
252681 AROMATIC
L8 0 L6 AND AROMATIC

=> s 16 and fluorination
18373 FLUORINATION
L9 2 L6 AND FLUORINATION

=> s 19 not 15
L10 2 L9 NOT L5

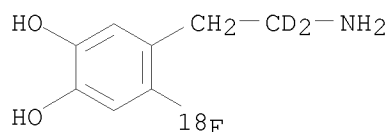
=> d 110 ibib abs hitstr 1-
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 2 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:76955 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:76955
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:13837a,13840a
TITLE: Rapid, regiospecific syntheses of deuterium substituted 6-[18F]-fluorodopamine (α,α -D₂; β,β -D₂ and $\alpha,\alpha,\beta,\beta$ -D₄) for mechanistic studies with positron emission tomography
AUTHOR(S): Ding, Yu Shin; Fowler, Joanna S.; Wolf, Alfred P.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Brookhaven Natl. Lab., Upton, NY, 11973, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals (1993), 33(7), 645-54
CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 120:76955
GI

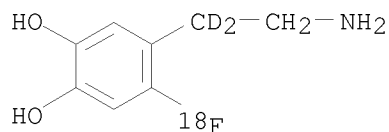


AB Doubly labeled (18F and D) 6-fluorodopamine (6-FDA) isotopomers were prepared to probe the contribution of metabolism by monoamine oxidase (MAO) and dopamine β-hydroxylase (DBH) on the kinetics of 6-[18F]FDA in baboon heart. Thus, 6-[18F]FDA-α,α-d₂ (I) and 6-[18F]FDA-β,β-d₂ were prepared in 6-steps starting with nucleophilic aromatic substitution by [18F]-fluoride on 6-nitropiperonal or 6-nitropiperonal-carbonyl-d in a decay corrected radiochem. yield of 3-10%. 6-[18F]FDA-α,α,β,β-D₄ was prepared in 4 steps in a radiochem. yield of 16-20% and specific activity 2-5 Ci/μmol. The regiospecificity of D substitution in the preparation of 6-[18F]FDA-α,α,β,β-D₄ was verified using piperonal as a substrate.

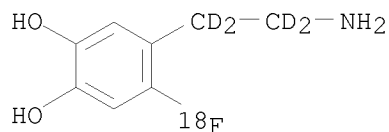
IT 152089-60-6P 152089-61-7P 152089-62-8P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, for use in PET study of heart neuronal activity)
 RN 152089-60-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(2-aminoethyl-1,1-d₂)-5-(fluoro-18F)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 152089-61-7 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(2-aminoethyl-2,2-d₂)-5-(fluoro-18F)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 152089-62-8 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(2-aminoethyl-1,1,2,2-d₄)-5-(fluoro-18F)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:61033
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 93:9783a,9786a
TITLE: Effects of ring fluorination on the cardiovascular actions of dopamine and norepinephrine in the dog
AUTHOR(S): Goldberg, Leon I.; Kohli, Jai D.; Cantacuzene, Daniele; Kirk, Kenneth L.; Creveling, Cyrus R.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharmacol. Physiol. Sci., Univ. Chicago, Chicago, IL, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics (1980), 213(3), 509-13
CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB 2-Fluorodopamine-HCl [59043-76-4], 5-fluorodopamine-HCl [59043-67-3], 6-fluorodopamine-HBr [59043-70-8], (\pm)-2-fluoronorepinephrine-HCl [70952-51-1], and (\pm)-5-fluoronorepinephrine-HCl [70952-52-2], and (\pm)-6-fluoronorepinephrine-HCl [70952-50-0] were compared with dopamine-HCl (DA-HCl) [62-31-7] and l-norepinephrine bitartrate (NE bitartrate) [51-40-1] for α -, β -, and β 2-adrenergic and vascular DA activities in pentobarbital-anesthetized dogs. 2-Fluoro- and 5-fluoro-DA were equipotent whereas, 6-fluoro-DA was about 4-fold less active than DA in causing renal vasodilation in phenoxybenzamine pretreated dogs (vascular DA activity). The 3 analogs were indistinguishable from DA for vasoconstrictor activity in the femoral vascular beds (α -adrenergic activity). 2-Fluoro- and 6-fluoro-DA were equipotent to DA, whereas 5-fluoro-DA was about 2-fold more active than DA in inotropic activity (β 1-adrenergic activity). In contrast, fluoro-NE analogs showed marked differential activities. 2-Fluoro-NE resembled isoproterenol in increasing cardiac contractility, lowering diastolic blood pressure, and causing vasodilation in the femoral vascular bed. The 5-fluoro-NE analog was the most potent for β 1-adrenergic activity and produced biphasic effects on blood pressure and the femoral vascular bed. 6-Fluoro-NE exerted no inotropic activity in doses 50- to 80-fold higher than the threshold dose of NE and caused vasoconstriction. Thus, F substitution in either of the 3 positions in the benzene ring of DA induced only minor, if any, differences in receptor activation when compared with DA. On the other hand, F substitution in the benzene ring of NE yielded compds. with marked differential receptor activity. Thus the differences between the effects of F substitution on DA and NE analogs must be related to the only structural difference between the 2 catecholamines, the presence of a β -hydroxyl group in NE.

IT 59043-70-8
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(pharmacol. of, structure in relation to)

RN 59043-70-8 CAPLUS
CN 1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(2-aminoethyl)-5-fluoro-, hydrobromide (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

